

Name: _____

ARCC Final Review Videos

Significant Digits

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Tr2PZG8I5c>

After watching the description of the rules, determine the number of significant digits for the following numbers. Check your answers by watching the rest of the video.

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. 12 _____ | 4. 120 _____ | 7. 7001 _____ |
| 2. 012 _____ | 5. 1200 _____ | 8. 70010 _____ |
| 3. 0012 _____ | 6. 1200. _____ | 9. 70010. _____ |

Measurement and Significant Digits

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=deLzHioCiiA>

1. What is a “certain digit”?
2. What is an “uncertain digit”?
3. After watching the first example, stop the video. Determine the measurement of the water in the buret. Check your answer by continuing the video.

Precision vs. Accuracy

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_LL0uiOgh1E

1. What does it mean to be precise?
2. What does it mean to be accurate?
3. Three lab groups measure the mass of a penny. The U.S. Mint states that every penny has a mass of 2.500g. Determine which sets of data are accurate, precise, and accurate and precise.

Data Set 1	Data Set 2	Data Set 3
2.000, 2.125, 2.100	2.500, 2.499, 2.501	2.500, 2.000, 3.000

Unit Conversion

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XKCZn5MLKvk>

After watching the first example, convert 200 lbs to kg below. Hint: 1 kg = 2.2 lbs.

Check your answer by watching the rest of the video.

Formula Writing for Ionic Compounds

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bPoxAdcYIHU>

After watching the first example, write the formulas for the following.

1. calcium fluoride _____
2. ammonium carbonate _____
3. aluminum sulfate _____

Naming Ionic Compounds

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Lfc6jjp1WQ>

After watching the first example, write the names for the following.

1. Ag_2S _____
2. $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ _____
3. CuSO_4 _____

Naming & Formula Writing for Covalent Compounds

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1VRiHpkk7mc>

After watching the first example for naming, write the names for the following.

1. CO_2 _____
2. C_2O _____
3. C_3O_4 _____

After watching the first example for writing the formula from the name, write the formulas for the following.

1. N_2O_5 _____
2. NH_3 _____
3. PCl_6 _____

Naming Acids and Bases

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u6EbuJbuRyk>

1. What element is always in an acid?
2. What polyatomic ion is always in a base?
3. Name the following compounds.

a. H_2S _____

b. H_2SO_4 _____

c. H_2SO_3 _____

d. $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_2$ _____

e. NH_4OH _____

f. NaOH _____

Density

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xxV7myJ0PA0>

Stop the video when you get to the glasses of water and olive oil.

1. Predict which substance will float on the other. Explain your answer using the words mass, volume, and density.

Physical Change and Chemical Change

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCbqjs-pqJo>

1. What is the difference between a physical change and a chemical change?
2. Circle the changes below that are chemical changes.

Eating

Ripping up paper

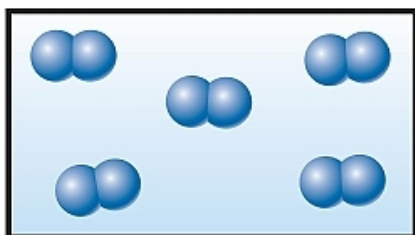
Freezing water

Rusting

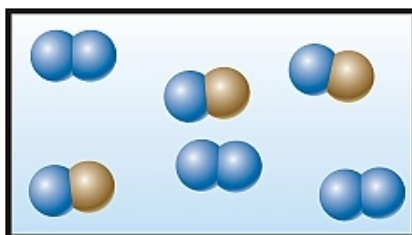
Mixtures and Pure Substances

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=if2fVBqSVm8>

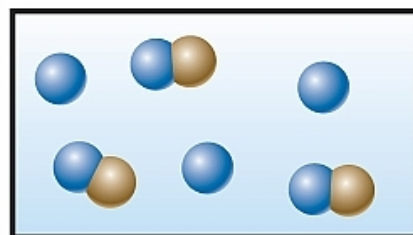
1. What is the difference between a pure substance and a mixture?
2. Looking at the pictures below, classify each picture as a pure element, pure compound or mixture.



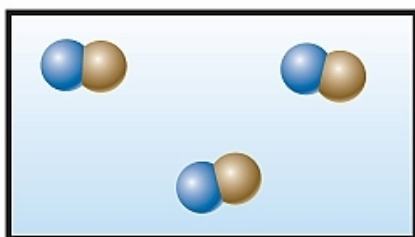
(i)



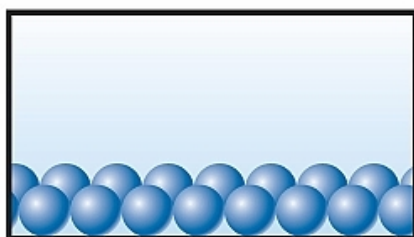
(ii)



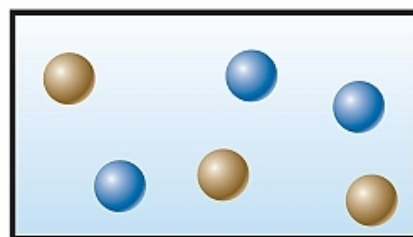
(iii)



(iv)



(v)



(vi)

Types of Reactions

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ym1ln3LG46k>

Stop the video after the first example. Determine the type of reaction for the following reactions.

1. Potassium carbonate \rightarrow
2. butane + oxygen \rightarrow
3. sodium iodide + bromide \rightarrow
4. hydrogen + chlorine \rightarrow

Neutralization Reactions

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gRKS4BkuYEA>

1. How are neutralization reactions similar to double displacement reactions?
2. How are neutralization reactions different from double displacement reactions?
3. What two products are always formed in a neutralization reaction?
4. Stop the video at time 3:38. Do the practice problems below. Check your answers by watching the rest of the video.
 - a. $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4 + \text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$
 - b. $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{HF} \rightarrow$
 - c. $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$
 - d. $\text{HCl} + \text{Al}(\text{OH})_3 \rightarrow$

Precipitation Reactions and Solubility Rules

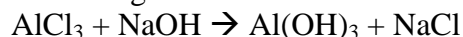
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lnpFtXj1mUE>

1. Write the products and determine if the products are going to be solid or aqueous.
 $\text{AgNO}_3 + \text{NaBr} \rightarrow$
2. Write the products and determine if the products are going to be solid or aqueous.
 $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{KCl} \rightarrow$

Net Ionic Equations

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MeSi3dDOL2I>

Write the net ionic equation for the following chemical reaction.



Periodic Table Trends

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G3qbooMh6Fc>

1. Draw the trends for atomic radii, ionization energy, and electronegativity on the period tables below.

The image shows three identical blank periodic tables of the elements, arranged horizontally. Each table is titled "Periodic Table of the Elements" and "General Main Element Configurations". The tables are intended for the student to draw trends for atomic radii, ionization energy, and electronegativity.

2. Consider phosphorus and its neighbors nitrogen, silicon, arsenic, and sulfur.
 - a. Which element above has a greater electronegativity than phosphorus?
 - b. Which element has a larger atomic radius than phosphorus?
 - c. Which element has a greater ionization energy than phosphorus?

Empirical and Molecular Formulas

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AFqwtY7m2PI>

1. What is the difference between an empirical formula and a molecular formula?
2. Stop the video about at time 5:07. Determine the empirical and molecular formulas for oxalic acid below. Check your answer by watching the rest of the video.

Oxidation Numbers

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8_CvNPuuhIM

Stop the video at time 5:10. Determine the oxidation numbers for each element in the following compounds and ions.

1. KMnO_4 _____
2. SO_4^{-2} _____
3. KH _____

Evidence of a Reaction

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cZMkqagL8Ps>

List the six factors that are evidence of a chemical reaction.

Balancing Equations

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UGf60kq_ZDI

After watching the first example, stop the video. Balance the following equations.



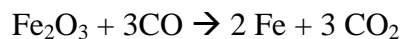
Stoichiometry

Watch <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SjQG3rKSZUQ> for a Khan Academy lesson.

Watch <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wySZDEbqbnM> for practice problems.

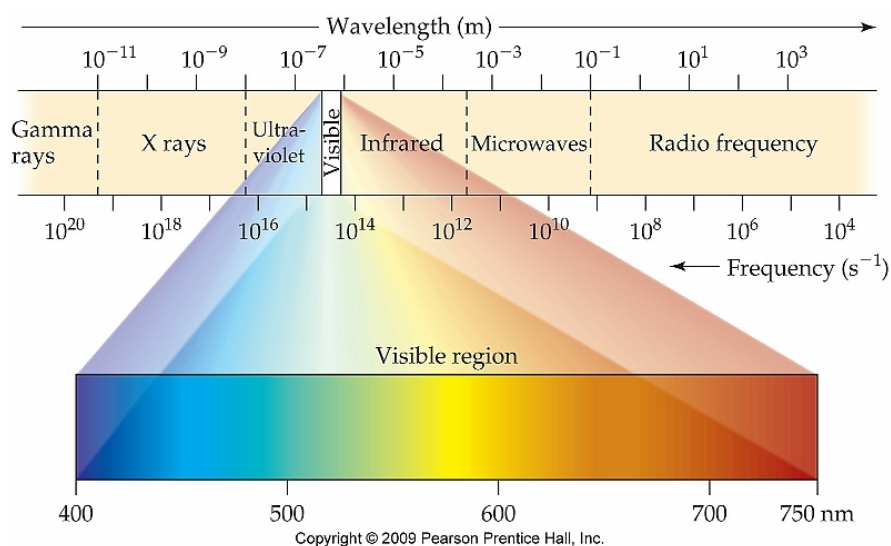
After watching the first example on the 2nd video, stop the video and try the following problems.

1. What is the mass of Fe produced if 8.75 g of Fe_2O_3 is reacted completely according to the following equation?



Electromagnetic Spectrum

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cfXzwh3KadE>



1. Using the diagram above, which type of wave has the highest energy?
2. Using the diagram above, which color of visible light has the lowest energy?

Electron Configuration

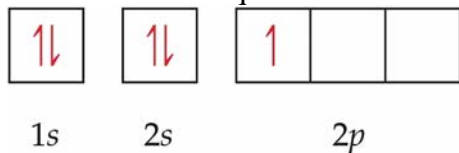
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JNPFR-22MPA>

1. In the electron configuration $1s^2$, what does the 1 mean? What does the 2 mean?
2. Write the electron configuration for Cl.

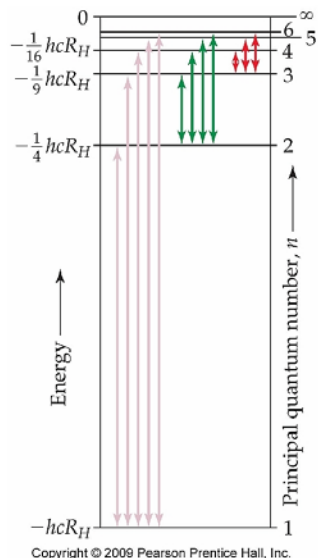
Quantum Numbers

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sCJsoXh78Y>

1. Write out the quantum numbers for each of the electrons shown in the diagram below.



2. Using the graphic below, determine which electron transitions result in the highest energy emission and the lowest energy emission.



Atomic Structure

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JUYOg72xrCM>

1. In a neutral atom, the number of protons _____ the number of electrons.
2. Fill in the table below.

Element	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons	Mass number
Ca				
	14			
	52			

3. What is an ion?
4. What is an isotope?

Lewis Dot Structures and Resonance Structures
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PtMifU1py5I>

VSEPR Theory and Bond Shapes
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=keHS-CASZfc>

Hybridization and sigma (σ) and pi (π) bonds
For hybridization: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mTHW9W-2-N8>
For sigma (σ) and pi (π) bonds: <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uA8nIDSdeyc>

Bond and Molecular Polarity
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eJgb2fVCyaQ>

Gas Laws
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UKUmYU6Q1cA>

Phase Transition Graphs
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sqkS9_MxRVU

Thermochemistry
Enthalpy (ΔH): <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KCQALFuAZOc>

1. What is enthalpy?
2. If ΔH is positive, the reaction is endothermic or exothermic?
3. If ΔH is negative, the reaction is endothermic or exothermic?

Entropy (ΔS): <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RwQjNViBinE>

1. What is entropy?
2. Which phase has more entropy; solid, liquid or gas?

Gibbs Free Energy (ΔG): <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DPjMPeU5OeM>

1. What is the equation to calculate Gibbs Free Energy?
2. When $\Delta G < 0$, the reaction is spontaneous or non-spontaneous?
3. When $\Delta G > 0$, the reaction is spontaneous or non-spontaneous?

For an example of how to calculate ΔG , <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sG1ZAdYi13A>